Disclosure under Basel II Pillar III

Purpose of disclosure:

The Notification of the Bank of Thailand No: SorNorSor. 14/2562 dated 07 May 2019, Re: Disclosure of Information on Capital Fund Maintenance for Banks in Thailand (No.2), requires banks in Thailand to disclose the information on Capital Fund maintenance and their risks. This is to enable market participants to assess the scope of application, capital, risk exposure, risk assessment process and the capital adequacy of the banks.

This disclosure reflects only information associated solely to the activities of Bangkok branch. Please refer to disclosure under Basel II Pillar III for OCBC group as per link appended below.

 $\underline{https://www.ocbc.com/business-banking/international/thailand.page}$

Attachment 2

Key prudential metrics

Table: Disclosure of quantitative data for key risk indicators

Unit: In million Baht

Available capital (unit:) 1 Common equity tier 1 (CET1)	- - -
1 Common equity tier 1 (CET1) -	-
	-
1A Fully loaded ECL ^{1/} CET1 -	
2 Tier 1 -	-
2A Fully loaded ECL tier 1 -	-
3 Total capital 9,683	9,970
3A Fully loaded ECL total capital 9,683	9,970
Risk-weighted assets (unit:)	
4 Total risk-weighted assets (RWA)	
Risk-based capital ratios as a percentage of RWA (%)	
5 CET1 ratio -	-
5A Fully loaded ECL CET1 ratio -	-
6 Tier 1 ratio -	-
6A Fully loaded ECL tier 1 ratio -	-
7 Total capital ratio 42.	1 33.2
7A Fully loaded ECL total capital ratio 42.	1 33.2
Capital buffer ratios a percentage of RWA (%)	
8 Conservation buffer ratio 2.1	5 2.5
9 Countercyclical buffer ratio -	-
10 Higher loss absorbency ratio -	-
11 Total capital buffer ratio (the sum of Item 8 to Item 10) -	-
Ratio of CET1 available after meeting the commercial bank's minimum capital requirements 2/ 39.0	30.7
Liquidity coverage ratio (LCR) (%) Q2' 2025	Q4' 2024
13 Total high-quality liquid assets (Total HQLA) (unit: In million Baht) 19,06	
14 Total net cash outflows (within a 30-day period) (unit: In million Baht) 14,850	
15 LCR ratio (%) 129	

- Expected credit losses according to the Thai Financial Reporting Standard No.9 Financial Instruments
- Expected cream research and the first instance of the first instan

Accompanying narrative

Scope

Impairment of financial assets

Impairment allowances for financial assets are assessed using a forward-looking expected credit loss ("ECL") model in accordance with the requirements of TFRS 9.

Under TERS 9, the ECL model is applied to debt financial assets measured at amortised cost or EVOCI and most off-balance sheet loan commitments and financial guarantees

Expected Credit Loss Impairment Model

Under TFRS 9, credit loss allowances are measured on each reporting date according to a three-stage expected credit loss impairment model:

- Stage 1 On initial recognition, expected credit loss will be that resulting from default events that are possible over the next 12 months

 Stage 2 Following a significant increase in credit risk of the financial assets since its initial recognition, the credit
- loss allowance will be that resulting from default events that are possible over the expected life of the asset.
- Stage 3 When a financial asset exhibits objective evidence of impairment and is considered to be credit-impaired, the credit loss allowance will be the full lifetime expected credit loss.

Capital Structure Structure of capital fund of Oversea-Chinese Banking Corporation Limited-Bangkok Branch

Unit: In million Baht

Item	30/06/2025	31/12/2024
1. Assets required to be maintained under Section 32	11,076	11,022
2. Sum of net capital for maintenance of assets under Section 32 and net balance of inter-office		
accounts (2.1+2.2)	10,897	11,122
2.1 Capital for maintenance of assets under Section 32	9,683	9,970
2.2 Net balance of inter-office accounts which the branch is the debtor (the creditor) to the head office and other branches located in other countries, the parent company and subsidiaries of the		
head office.	1,214	1,153
3. Total regulatory capital (3.1-3.2)	9,683	9,970
3.1 Total regulatory capital before deductions (The lowest amount among item 1 item 2 and item 2.1)	9,683	9,970
3.2 Deductions	-	-

Capital adequacy
Table 3 Minimum capital requirement for credit risk classified by type of assets under the SA

Unit: In million Baht

Minimum capital requirement for credit risk classified by type of assets under the SA	30/06/2025	31/12/2024
Performing claims		
1.Claims on sovereigns and central banks, multilateral development banks (MDBs), and non-central government public sector entities (PSEs) treated as claims on sovereigns	8	13
 Claims on financial institutions, non-central government public sector entities (PSEs) treated as claims on financial institutions, and securities firms 	97	812
Claims on corporates, non-central governement public sector entities (PSEs) treated as claims on corporate	2,159	2,226
4.Claims on retail portfolios	-	-
5.Claims on housing loans	-	-
6.Other assets	11	8
Non-performing claims	-	-
First-to-default credit derivatives and Securitisation	1	-
Total minimum capital requirement for credit risk under the SA	2,275	3,058

Market risk under the Standardised Approach
Table 30 Minimum capital requirements for each type of market risk under the Standardised Approach

Unit: In million Baht

Minimum capital requirements for market risk under the Standardized Approach	30/06/2025	31/12/2024
Interest rate risk	99	87
Equity position risk	-	-
Foreign exchange rate risk	22	16
Commodity risk	-	-
Total minimum capital requirement	121	103

Table 6 Minimum capital requirement for market risk for positions in the trading book (Standardized measurement approach)

Unit: In million B			
Minimum capital requirement for market risk (positions in the trading book)	30/06/2025	31/12/2024	
Standardised approach	121	103	
2. Internal model approach	-	-	
Total minimum capital requirement for market risk	121	103	

Table 7 Minimum capital requirement for operational risk (BIA / SA / ASA)

Unit: in mil		
Minimum capital requirement for operational risk	30/06/2025	31/12/2024
Calculate by Basic Indicator Approach	-	-
Calculate by Standardised Approach	116	127
Calculate by Alternative Standardised Approach	-	-
Calculate by Advance Measurement Approach	-	-
Total minimum capital requirement for operational risk	116	127

Table 8 Total risk-weighted capital ratio and Tier 1 risk-weighted capital ratio

Linit · %

				Uliit. 76
	Curent period		Previous	s period
		Minimum		Minimum
Ratio	30/06/2025	requirement	31/12/2024	requirement
Total capital to risk-weighted assets	42.1	11	33.2	11
2. Tier 1 capital to risk-weighted assets *				
3. Tier 1 capital of equity part to risk-weighted assets *				

^{*}Disclosed only in case of locally incorporated commercial banks

Item 2: Disclosure of capital information in transitional period under the Basel III

Attachment 4

	Unit: In million Baht			
Value of capital, inclusions, adjustments and deductions for the period of 30 June 2025				
				under the Basel III
			2. <u>In case of foreign bank branch^{2/}</u>	
2.1 Capital of foreign bank branch 9,68	3			
2.2 <u>less</u> deduction from capital of foreig -	-			
Total capital of foreign bank branch 9,68	3			

 $^{^{2\}prime}\,$ Refer to the Notification of the Bank of Thailand Re: Capital Components of Foreign Banks Branches